

Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Solving Absolute Value Linear Inequalities

TEACHER KEY | Algebra II | Unit 2 | Day 7 | TEK A2.6.F

Objective: I can solve absolute value linear inequalities using the algebraic (compound inequality) method.

Vocabulary

"Or" statement: true if EITHER part is true - used for $>$ or $\geq$.

"And" statement: true only if BOTH parts are true - used for $<$ or $\leq$.

KEY IDEA

Step 1 - Isolate: get the absolute value alone.

Step 2 - Split: for $>$ or $\geq$ use OR. For $<$ or $\leq$ use AND - as one sandwiched inequality, or as two branches (flip the sign if you divide by a negative).

Step 3 - Solve, then graph the solution on a number line.

Let's Work Through It

Example 1 — Solve $|2x + 3| < 5$ two ways: the sandwich method, and the split method.

Sandwich: $-5 < 2x + 3 < 5 \rightarrow -4 < x < 1$

Split: $2x + 3 < 5$ AND $-(2x + 3) < 5$

Solve each (flip when you divide by the negative): $x < 1$ AND $x > -4$

Combine: $-4 < x < 1$ - same answer either way

-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
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Example 2 — Solve $|2x - 1| \leq 7$ two ways: the sandwich method, and the split method.

Sandwich: $-7 \leq 2x - 1 \leq 7 \rightarrow -3 \leq x \leq 4$

Split: $2x - 1 \leq 7$ AND $-(2x - 1) \leq 7$

Solve each (flip when you divide by the negative): $x \leq 4$ AND $x \geq -3$

Combine: $-3 \leq x \leq 4$ - same answer either way

-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
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Example 3 — Solve $3|2x - 1| + 4 > 19$.

Isolate: $3|2x - 1| > 15 \rightarrow |2x - 1| > 5$

Split: $2x - 1 > 5$ OR $2x - 1 < -5$

Solve: $x > 3$ or $x < -2$

Example 4 — Solve $2|3x + 4| - 5 \geq 11$.

Isolate: $2|3x + 4| \geq 16 \rightarrow |3x + 4| \geq 8$

Split: $3x + 4 \geq 8$ OR $3x + 4 \leq -8$

Solve: $x \geq 4/3$ or $x \leq -4$

Your Turn

You Try 1 — Solve $|x + 1| \geq 3$.

$x \leq -4$ or $x \geq 2$

You Try 2 — Is $x = 0$ a solution to $|x - 3| > 5$? Explain.
